The table categorizes cytological cell forms ("zytologische Form") based on their appearance under a microscope. Here's an explanation of each type:

1. **1 - Pleomorphic (pleomorph)**:
   * Cells show significant variability in size and shape, often associated with high-grade malignancies.
2. **2 - Clear cell (hellzellig)**:
   * Cells appear clear due to cytoplasmic changes, often seen in specific tumors like renal cell carcinoma.
3. **3 - Small cell (kleinzellig)**:
   * Cells are small with scant cytoplasm, commonly associated with small-cell carcinoma.
4. **4 - Spindle cell (spindelzellig)**:
   * Cells are elongated and spindle-shaped, typical of sarcomas or other mesenchymal tumors.
5. **5 - Medium/large cell (mittel/groß)**:
   * Cells are medium or large in size, with more cytoplasm compared to small cells, seen in some types of lymphomas or other malignancies.
6. **99 - No information provided (keine Angabe)**:
   * No specific data is available about the cytological form.

This classification helps pathologists describe and diagnose different types of tumors or conditions based on cell morphology.